

To the

- **National Ski Associations**
- **Members of the FIS-Council**
- **Committee Chairmen**

Oberhofen, 14th June 2000
SL/er

**FIS Council Meetings in conjunction with the 42nd International Ski Congress,
29th May to 3rd June 2000 in Melbourne (AUS)**

Dear Mr. President,
Dear Skifriends,

In accordance with art. 32.2 of the FIS-Statutes we take pleasure in sending you
today

**A SHORT SUMMARY
of the most important decisions of the
FIS Council Meetings in Melbourne (AUS)**

We would also like to take this opportunity of informing you that this “short summary” is available on the Member Services section of the FIS website to accredited users of the National Ski Association forum.

The main areas of the Meetings of the Council in Melbourne were the review of the Congress Book of the 42nd International Ski Congress, discussion of the proposals of the National Ski Associations and Technical Committees, as well as the nomination of the various FIS Committees for the period 2000 – 2002.

The following “short summary of decisions” is limited to Council decisions not directly related to the Congress Agenda.

1. Members present

- a) The following Council Members were present at the Meetings in Melbourne 29th May to 1st June 2000:

President Gian-Franco Kasper, Vice-Presidents Esko Aho, Anatolij Akentiev, Yoshiro Ito and Hank Tauber

Members: Bernard Chevallier, Geoff Henke, Milan Jirasek, Janez Kocijancic, Arnold Koller, Pablo Rosenkjer, Odd Seim-Haugen, Carl Eric Stålberg, Carlo Valentino, Fritz Wagnerberger, Patrick Smith (as replacement for Peter Andrews) and the Director Sarah Lewis.

On 21st March 2000 Peter Andrews officially resigned as a Member of the FIS Council. After consultation with legal experts on parliamentary procedures the Council unanimously agreed to allow Patrick Smith as the Canadian representative to attend the Council Meetings in Melbourne, but without voting rights.

- b) At the first Meeting of the newly elected Council for the period 2000 – 2002 on 3rd June 2000 the following Members were present:

President Gian-Franco Kasper, Vice-Presidents Yoshiro Ito, Carl Eric Stålberg and Hank Tauber

Members: Bernard Chevallier, Geoff Henke, Milan Jirasek, Janez Kocijancic, Arnold Koller, Sung-Won Lee, Patrick Smith, Carlo Valentino, Fritz Wagnerberger and the Secretary-General Sarah Lewis.

2. Minutes from the Council Meeting in Venice (ITA)

The minutes from the Council Meeting in Venice (ITA) from 8th November 1999 were unanimously approved.

3. The FIS World Ski Championships

Alpine and Nordic events 2001

Official reports on the preparations for future FIS World Ski Championships were submitted at the FIS Congress. The Council approved the time-table with starting times for the FIS Alpine World Ski Championships in St. Anton 2001 and reluctantly accepted the report of the Organising Committee of the FIS Nordic World Ski Championships in Lahti 2001 that it will not be possible to carry out the 15 km ladies' classic and the men's 30 km classic as mass start events, due to environmental restrictions for the development of the Cross-Country tracks. Nevertheless, the new Nordic Combined Team Event with mass start was approved by

the Council with the intention that it can be introduced for the first time in Lahti.

Speed Skiing 2001

On request of the Italian Winter Sports Federation the Council approved the change of venue for the FIS Speed Skiing World Championships 2001 from Bieltonte to Breuil-Cervinia from 28th to 31st March.

However, the application from the Speed Skiing Committee to organise another World Championship in 2002 in Finland was not supported by the Council, since FIS World Ski Championships may be held only every two years and furthermore an official application must be submitted by the National Ski Association concerned and not by a Committee.

Freestyle candidate 2003

Before the extended deadline of 1st May 2000 the United States Ski and Snowboard Association with Deer Valley submitted an official application to host the 2003 FIS Freestyle World Championships. Based on this new application, the Austrian Ski Federation with Murau/Kreischberg officially withdrew its candidacy for the Freestyle Championships, which they had offered to carry out in conjunction with the FIS Snowboard World Championships.

Election of the FIS World Championships 2003, 2004, 2005

In accordance with the FIS Statutes, on Thursday June 1st, 2000, the Council elected the following Organisers to carry out future FIS World Championships:

2003 FIS Freestyle World Championships:
Deer Valley, USA

2003 FIS Snowboard World Championships:
Kreischberg, Austria

2004 FIS Ski Flying World Championships:
Planica, Slovenia

2005 FIS Nordic World Championships:
Oberstdorf, Germany

2005 FIS Alpine World Championships:
Bormio, Italy

4. The FIS Junior World Ski Championships

The Council acknowledged the reports on the 2000 FIS Junior World Ski Championships in Stbske Pleso for the nordic events; Quebec with Mt. St. Anne, Stoneham and le Relais for the alpine events and Berchtesgaden for the snowboard events and expressed its thanks to the Organising Committees for their excellent work and emphasised the importance of this event for the future of the disciplines. Furthermore the Council acknowledged reports on the preparations for the future FIS Junior World Ski Championships:

2001 Championships

The Council appointed its official delegates to the events in 2001:

- Nordic events, Karpacz/Szklarska Poreba (POL) – Milan Jirasek
- Alpine events, Alpes Vaudoises (SUI) – Milan Jirasek

Following the report of the Alpine Committee and the concerns raised with the dates of the FIS Alpine Junior World Championships in Alpes Vaudoises, SUI, the Council commissioned the Alpine Committee respectively the Continental Cup Co-ordinator to intervene with the organisers and the Swiss Ski Federation in regard to the schedule of events for the Championships in order that the overlapping of competitions with the FIS Alpine World Ski Championships in St. Anton is kept to the minimum possible.

At its Meeting on 3rd June 2000 the Council appointed Nassfeld (AUT) to carry out the FIS Snowboard Junior World Championships in 2001.

2002 Championships

Nordic events: Schonach (GER)
Alpine events: Narvik (NOR)

2003 Championships

Nordic events: Sollefteå (SWE)
Alpine events: Bariloche (ARG)

The Council appointed Bariloche as the organiser of the FIS Junior World Ski Championships in the alpine events under the condition that all technical requirements are fulfilled including the new homologations of the courses, by the southern hemisphere season 2001 and that Continental Cup level events are scheduled during the 2001/2002 season as well as the Organising Committee provision of US\$ 400.— to National Associations for each competitor who starts in at least two races and special air fares which should not exceed the equivalent of CHF 1000.— per person in 2003.

2004 Championships

Nordic events: Stryn (NOR)

Alpine events: to be appointed in autumn 2000.

Candidates: Maribor (SLO), Lake Placid (USA)

* * *

The Council decided that in view of the problems that have arisen in the past season and the ever increasing significance of the Junior World Ski Championships an inspection must be carried out before the Championships are appointed by the Council, including the confirmation from the organiser of the potential dates when they will be ready to host the events. In any case the FIS Junior World Ski Championships may not be organised at the same time as the FIS World Ski Championships, the Olympic Winter Games nor whenever possible the World Cup Finals.

5. Olympic Winter Games

2002

Vice-President Hank Tauber provided an update on the activities of the Salt Lake City Organising Committee for the Olympic Winter Games 2002. The Council shared the concern that the ladies' World Cup downhill event in Snowbasin was cancelled last season and stated its commitment to support the Organising Committee in ensuring that the necessary steps are undertaken for the future preparation and the build-up to the Olympic Games.

On 10th December 1999 the IOC Executive Board approved the qualification criteria for participation at the Olympic Winter Games in Salt Lake City.

Furthermore the Council and subsequently the FIS Congress unanimously approved the specific details of the qualification system for Snowboard. (Please see following pages for qualification criteria in all disciplines).

2006

Council Member Carlo Valentino, member of the Torino Olympic Organising Committee reported on the status of preparations.

The Council acknowledged the report and insisted that Torino is obliged to fulfil the conditions of its candidacy, specifically in regard to the location of the Ski Jumping events and that in any case these must take place within the Torino region.

XIX Olympic Winter Games in Salt Lake City 2002
Qualification and participation criteria

SKIING

Alpine

Events

Men

Downhill
Super-G
Giant Slalom
Slalom
Combined

Women

Downhill
Super-G
Giant Slalom
Slalom
Combined

1) Number of athletes

No maximum total has been established.

Per NOC *Accreditation*
22 per NOC
A maximum of 14 males or 14 females

Participation
4 athletes per event

2) Qualification system

Men

Only those competitors who ranked within the top 500 of the FIS Points List November 2001 will be qualified to participate. In Downhill and Super G the competitors require a maximum of 120 points in the discipline concerned.

Women

Only those competitors who ranked within the top 500 of the FIS Points List November 2001 will be qualified to participate. In Downhill and Super G the competitors require a maximum of 120 points in the discipline concerned.

Those NOCs which do not have a racer who meets the above criteria may enter only 1 male and 1 female competitor each in the Alpine events, on condition that the athlete concerned has less than 140 FIS points in the respective discipline on the FIS Points List in November 2001 (see comment under Qualification Period).

In Downhill and Super G the competitors require a maximum of 120 points in the discipline concerned.

NOC's with more than one male (or female) athlete(s) who meet the qualification criteria are not entitled to also enter one 'non-qualified' female (or male) athlete as defined in the above clause.

3) Qualification period

Qualification Period: up to November 2001

Qualification Deadline: November 2001 (January 2002*)

*Comment:

Competitors who have less than 140 FIS points (120 FIS points in Downhill and Super G) on the FIS points list, published in the first week of January 2002 will be eligible to participate, providing that their NOC has already sent an application for accreditation to SLOC and included them in the estimated delegation size or entry by number, should such a procedure be implemented by SLOC.

XIX Olympic Winter Games in Salt Lake City 2002
Qualification and participation criteria

SKIING
Cross-Country

Events

Men

10 km Classical Technique / 10 km Free Technique, Pursuit Start
15 km Classical Technique
30 km Free Technique
50 km Classical Technique
4 x 10 km Relay (2 Classical/2 Free)
Cross-Country Sprint

Women

5 km Classical Technique / 5 km Free Technique, Pursuit start
10 km Classical Technique
15 km Free Technique
30 km Classical Technique
4 x 5 km Relay (2 Classical/2 Free)
Cross-Country Sprint

1) Number of athletes

No maximum total has been established.

Per NOC

Accreditation

An NOC may have 28 accredited athletes (a maximum of 20 males or a maximum of 10 females) in total over the three Nordic disciplines (Cross-Country, Ski-Jumping, Nordic Combined).

Participation

A maximum of 4 per individual event
One team in each relay race

2) Qualification system

Only athletes who have achieved at least one result better than 100 FIS points in the FIS Point List for Cross-Country shall be allowed to participate at Olympic Winter Games.

One male and one female athlete of each NOC without an athlete qualified through the above process has the right to participate in 1 cross-country event, under the condition that the athlete concerned has gained FIS points and has participated in the year preceding the Olympic Winter Games in at least 5 FIS-sanctioned competitions.

3) Qualification period

Qualification Period: Competition seasons 2000/2001 and 2001/2002

Qualification Deadline: 27th January 2002

XIX Olympic Winter Games in Salt Lake City 2002
Qualification and participation criteria

SKIING
Ski-Jumping

Events

Mens Individual
Normal Hill = K 90
Large Hill = K 120

Mens Team (4 members)
Large Hill = K 120

1) Number of athletes

No maximum total has been established.

Per NOC *Accreditation*
An NOC may have 28 accredited athletes (a maximum of 20 males or a maximum of 10 females) in total over the three Nordic disciplines (Cross-Country, Ski-Jumping, Nordic Combined).

Participation
A maximum of 4 per individual event
One team in team event (4 members)

2) Qualification system

Only those competitors who qualify by the deadline of January 2002 for participation in World Cup and Ski Flying competitions shall be allowed to participate, i.e.

- competitors who have already gained World Cup points
- competitors who
 - have been placed within the first half of the ranking list at a Junior World Championships.
 - have gained at least one Continental Cup Ski Jumping point in any of the past seasons or the 2001/2002 competition season.

3) Qualification period

Qualification Period: Competition seasons 2000/2001 and 2001/2002

Qualification Deadline: 27th January 2002

XIX Olympic Winter Games in Salt Lake City 2002
Qualification and participation criteria

SKIING

Nordic Combined

Events

- Mens Individual
 - K 90 Ski Jumping
 - 15 km Cross-Country
- Mens SPRINT
 - K 90 Ski jumping
 - 7,5 km Cross-Country
- Mens Team (4 members)
 - K 90 Ski Jumping
 - 4 x 5 km Cross-Country relay

1) Number of athletes

No maximum total has been established.

Per NOC *Accreditation*
An NOC may have 28 accredited athletes (a maximum of 20 males or a maximum of 10 females) in total over the three Nordic disciplines (Cross-Country, Ski-Jumping, Nordic Combined).

Participation
A maximum of 4 per individual event
One team in team event (4 members)

2) Qualification system

- Only competitors who are ranked on the World Ranking List in Nordic Combined in the competition seasons 2000/2001 or 2001/2002 shall be allowed to participate in the Olympic Winter Games.
- competitors without points on the World Ranking List, who
- have been placed within the first third of the ranking list at Junior World Championships during the 2000/2001 or 2001/2002 competition season.
- have been placed within the first half of the ranking list at a World Cup "B" Nordic Combined competition during the 2000/2001 or 2001/2002 competition season

3) Qualification period

Qualification Period: Competition seasons 2000/2001 and 2001/2002.

Qualification Deadline: 27th January 2002

XIX Olympic Winter Games in Salt Lake City 2002
Qualification and participation criteria

SKIING
Freestyle

Events

Men

Moguls
Aerials

Women

Moguls
Aerials

1) Number of athletes

A maximum total of 135 athletes has been established.

Per NOC *Accreditation*
14 per NOC
A maximum of 8 males or 8 females

Participation
4 athletes per event

2) Qualification system

Qualification is achieved through gaining at least 1.00 points in World Cup, or top 5 in Continental Cup competitions or a top 25 in World Championships in the period of July 2000 until January 2002.

3) Qualification period

Qualification Period: July 2000 – January 2002

Qualification Deadline: 27th January 2002

XIX Olympic Winter Games in Salt Lake City 2002
Qualification and participation criteria

FIS

Snowboarding

Events

Men

Parallel Giant Slalom
Halfpipe

Women

Parallel Giant Slalom
Halfpipe

1) Number of athletes

A maximum total of 125 athletes has been established.

Per NOC

Accreditation

14 per NOC (of athletes within the maximum total of 125)

A maximum of 8 males or 8 females

Participation

A maximum of 4 athletes per event

2) Qualification system

The quota per NOC will be determined by the FIS points list published in November 2001, based on all countries participating in FIS Snowboard events. Only those competitors who have reached the FIS points qualification criteria in November 2001 are qualified for entry by their respective NOC.

The minimum level of FIS points required is as follows:

Men

Parallel Giant Slalom

120 Snowboard FIS points, alpine disciplines

Halfpipe

120 Snowboard FIS points, Halfpipe

Women

Parallel Giant Slalom

120 Snowboard FIS points, alpine disciplines

Halfpipe

120 Snowboard FIS points, Halfpipe

3) **Qualification period**

Qualification Period: up to November 2001

Qualification Deadline: November 2001 (January 2002*)

*Comment:

Competitors who have reached the FIS points qualification criteria by the first week of January 2002 will be eligible to participate, providing that their NOC has already sent an application for accreditation to SLOC and included them in their delegation size or entry by number, should such a procedure be implemented by SLOC.

Calculation of Quotas, division by discipline

	Men	Women
Parallel Giant Slalom	35	35
Halfpipe	35	20
Total		125

6. AIWF

A Working Group of three International Federation Presidents (FIS, IIFH, ISU) is currently establishing revised statutes for the Association of International Winter Sports Federations before the election of a new President and officers takes place at the next official meeting on 22nd September 2000 in Sydney.

The Council unanimously supports the candidacy of the FIS President Gian-Franco Kasper to replace Marc Hodler, as President of the AIWF.

7. Sponsorship agreements

The Council approved the following sponsorship and service agreements for the 2000/2001 and future seasons:

Title sponsor Alpine World Cup

„Café de Colombia“ up to 2003/04

Title sponsor Freestyle World Cup

Strong interest has been expressed by a sponsor for an initial one year agreement and the Council sincerely hopes that the contractual differences with an existing sponsor of the United States Ski and Snowboard Association can be resolved

Title sponsor Snowboard World Cup

„Nokia“ signed up to 2000/2001

presented by „Grundig“ signed up to 2000/01 (alpine disciplines)

presented by „D2“ signed up to 2001/02 (Freestyle disciplines)

Title sponsor Nordic Combined World Cup

„Bauhaus“ signed up to 2000/01

presented by „Rauch“ signed up to 2001/02

Title sponsor Cross-Country World Cup

„Buderus“ signed up to 2000/01

presented by „Ruhrgas“ signed up to 2001/02

Title sponsor Jumping World Cup

„Ruhrgas“ signed up to 2001/02

presented by „Buderus“ 2001/02

Alpine FIS points/WCSL/data service

„Swatch“ signed up to 2001/02

Data service Ski Jumping FIS World Cup

„Ricoh“ signed up to 2000/01

Data/timing service Cross-Country/Nordic Combined FIS World Cup

„AGFA“ signed up to 2001/02

Timing service Snowboard FIS World Cup

„Swatch“ signed up to 2001/02

Data service provider Nordic disciplines

„WIGE/MIC“ signed up to 2002

FIS official cars

„Audi“ signed up to 2002

FIS World Cup trophies/medals

„Joska“ signed up to 2001/02

Logo licence

„Phenix“ signed up to 2002

Copy/fax service

„Ricoh“ signed up to 2001

Starting bibs, etc.

„O. Stalder AG“ signed up to 2002

Sports fair

„ISPO München“ signed up to 2002

8. Support for National Ski Associations

The Council unanimously decided to increase the level of support for the National Ski Associations in the proposed FIS budget for 2000 – 2002 by an additional CHF. 600,000.— to a total of CHF. 6,600,000.—

9. Aid and promotion for developing ski nations

At its Meeting in Melbourne the Council approved the written reports on the programme “aid and promotion for developing ski nations” and confirmed that the proposal for activities and the budget for the next 2 years could be established following the decision of the 42nd FIS Congress to maintain the registration fees for candidates of FIS World Ski Championships.

10. Marketing and television

At its last Meeting in Venice the Council decided to dedicate a meeting during the FIS World Cup Finals in Bormio 2000 to the subject of the future FIS television strategy.

During the gathering in Bormio the Council appointed Richard Bunn, who has worked for the European Broadcasting Union (EBU) as its Sports Director for more than 20 years, as the FIS Television Consultant and commissioned him to undertake a detailed analysis.

The Council decided to organise a conference with experts in the business, National Ski Associations and their organisers, in order to prepare such a FIS television and marketing strategy for the future. The following announcement was distributed to all delegates during the Congress on 2nd June 2000 in Melbourne:

“The Council of the International Ski Federation together with international experts and the National Ski Associations is presently discussing a long term FIS strategy on television and marketing standards respectively commercial rights and will eventually submit respective proposals to the FIS Congress in the year 2002 in Portoroz.

For this reason and in order to give the 2002 Congress the possibility to take immediate decisions necessary, the Council strongly suggests to all National Ski Associations and their Commercial Partners not to enter into any new contracts and to limit any agreements concerning television and marketing rights of World Cups and other international competitions after the season 2003/2004.

National Ski Associations and local Organising Committees signing or renewing contracts for longer terms may – depending on the decisions of the 2002 Congress – risk not to be considered for the organisation of major events after the 2003/2004 competition season.”

For the preparation of this FIS long-term strategy on television and marketing, a ‘brainstorming’ conference will be organised before the end of 2000, involving experts from the industry together with representatives of National Ski Associations involved and their Organisers, in order to jointly develop the most beneficial strategy for the sport.

As a second step a President Conference will be organised for the those National Ski Associations involved.“

11. FIS Advertising Rules

During its Meeting in Melbourne the Council approved the amendments to the FIS advertising rules, which were worked out by an appointed Working Group of the PR and Media Committee. The new rules will be sent to the National Ski Associations.

12. Data and timing of FIS competitions

The Council approved the following text for inclusion in the FIS rules in regard to the data and timing of FIS competitions:

“The data and timing generated from all FIS competitions is the exclusive property of the FIS. The National Associations respectively their organisers may use this data in their own publications, whilst publication of the data and timing on their website is subject to the conditions laid down in the FIS Internet Policies. The timing and data may not be sold or further distributed to any other parties.”

13. Legends Cup

Following the passing away of Serge Lang in November 1999 there were certain difficulties in organising the FIS Legends Cup during the 1999/2000 season.

The Council decided that there would no longer be a specific FIS Legends Cup, but would encourage organisers of “classic” legends competitions such as in Kitzbühel, Vail and Japan to use these events as an important promotion of legends of skiing and hopes that other important World Cup organisers and their National Ski Associations would consider the inclusion of a legends event as an additional attraction connected with their World Cup event.

14. Doping

At its Meeting in Venice the FIS Council imposed a 3 months ban on Ross Powers (USA) for inadvertent doping, which had taken place at the FIS Snowboard World Cup Finals in Valdaora (ITA) on 13th March 1999. During the period of this sanction Ross Powers participated on the ISF Tour and as a consequence the Council decided to reprimand both the athlete and the United States Ski and Snowboard Association and imposed a fine of US\$ 2'000.— on the National Ski Association, payable to the Marc Hodler Foundation.

At the FIS Snowboard Junior World Championships in Berchtesgaden (GER) on 13th February 2000 Antoine Cheynet (FRA) was tested positive for the banned substance tetrahydrocannabinol (TCH). The Council confirmed the sanction of disqualification from the parallel slalom event and decided to ban Antoine Cheynet from all FIS calendar events for 2 years as from the date of the competition (until 13th February 2002).

* * *

The Council acknowledged that the World Anti Doping Agency (WADA) is now fully established and carrying out out-of-competition controls leading up to the Olympic Games in Sydney this summer. The attention will turn to winter sports thereafter and WADA will carry out all testing in accordance with the respective International Federations' rules.

15. Freestyle Skiing

The Council approved the report on the future of Freestyle Skiing with the inclusion of "new style" competitions, which was submitted by the Committee Chairman Chris Robinson, Vice-Chairman Walt Hiltner and Co-ordinator Joe Fitzgerald and thanked them for the serious work which they have undertaken over the past 12 months (Rules see Item 18 pages 49 - 54).

16. Appointment of jury members

On proposal of the Technical Committees concerned, the Council appointed the following officials for FIS World Ski Championships:

FIS Roller Skiing World Championships 2000, Rotterdam (NED)

TD	Luigi Parpaiolo, ITA
TD Assistant	Karl Kamphenkel, GER
Medical supervisor	Sigrid Szabo, HUN

FIS Nordic World Ski Championships 2001, Lahti (FIN)

Cross-Country

TD	Dietmar Miklautsch, AUT
TD Assistant	Barbara Beyer-Petzold, GER

Jury members	Vegard Ulvang, NOR
	John Aalberg, USA

Ski Jumping

TD Torgeir Nordby, NOR
 TD Assistant Sandro Pertile, ITA

Distance Measurer Uli Forrer, SUI

Jumping Judges Sauli Momo, FIN
 Johann Pichler, AUT
 Dieter Aschenbach, GER
 Yukio Kasaya, JPN
 Hans Elsveen, NOR
 Freddy Guignard, SUI

Nordic Combined

TD Joe Lamb, USA
 TD Assistant Kai Arne Ringen, NOR

For all events:

Equipment control Odd Martinsen, NOR
 Torbjörn Yggeseth, NOR
 Harald Aarhus, NOR

Medical supervisor Inggard Lereim, NOR

FIS Alpine World Ski Championships 2001, St. Anton (AUT)

TD Ladies' events: Ferry Speigl, GER
 TD Men's events: Enrico Valle, ITA

Jury members Roine Lang, SWE
 Martin Berthod, SUI
 Karen Korfanta, USA
 Sumihiro Tomii, JPN
 Martin Leach, GBR
 Jean-Claude Fritsch, FRA

Equipment control Toni Sailer, AUT
 Heinz Krecek, GER

Medical supervisor Herbert Schönhuber, ITA

FIS Snowboard World Championships 2001, Madonna di Campiglio (ITA)

TD Ladies' events Joel Franitsch, FRA
 TD Men's events Peter Krogoll, GER

Jury members Joseph Zingerle, ITA
Frederico Vertenati, ITA

Head judge Halfpipe Ola Sundequist, SWE

Judges open

Medical supervisor Peter Jenouere, SUI

FIS Freestyle Skiing World Championships 2001, Blackcomb (CAN)

TD Bruno Künzli, SUI

TD Assistant open

Head Judge Sonny McKay, USA
Assistant Morten Skarpaas, NOR

Judges Gerry Benoit, CAN
Wolfgang Thyn, AUT
Martine Kohly, FRA
Leo Jansen, NED
Boris Kalcic, SLO
Philip Richard, SUI
Garry Dargan, AUS

Score verifier Noel Cobbett, CAN

Medical supervisor Bob Morell, CAN

FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships 2001, Karpacz/Szklarska Poreba (POL)

Cross-Country events

TD Uros Ponikvar, SLO

TD Assistant open

Ski Jumping

TD Reed Zühlke, USA

TD Assistant Daubor Motejlek, CZE

Distance measurer open

Jumping judges CZE, FRA, POL, SLO, USA

Nordic Combined

TD Werner Ginther, AUT

TD Assistant Toni Guggemoos, GER

For all events:

Medical supervisor Ivo Drinkovic, CRO

FIS Alpine Junior World Ski Championships 2001, Alpes Vaudoises (SUI)

TD Ladies' events Jaquie Fournu, FRA

TD Men's events Jan Einar Rebne, NOR

Medical supervisor M.P. Rousseau, FRA

FIS Snowboard Junior World Championships 2001, Nassfeld (AUT)

Medical supervisor Ernst Raas, AUT

Olympic Winter Games 2002, Salt Lake City (USA)Cross-Country

TD Hermod Björkestöl, NOR

TD Assistant Christian Egli, SUI

Jury members open

Ski Jumping

TD Pekka Hyvärinen, FIN

TD Assistant Toni Guggemoos, GER

Distance measurer Rob McCormack, CAN

Jumping judges open

Nordic Combined

TD Harald Aarhus, NOR

TD Assistant Joachim Bruder, GER

Nordic events

Equipment control Helmut Weinbuch, GER
Torbjörn Yggeseth, NOR

Alpine events

TD Ladies' events Claude Savard, CAN

TD Men's events Jarl Forsmark, SWE

Jury members open

Equipment control Toni Sailer, AUT
Heinz Krecek, GER

Snowboard

TD Ladies' events Markus Malsiner, ITA

TD Men's events Peter Krogoll, GER

Jury members open

Head judge Halfpipe Ola Sundequist, SWE

Judges open

Freestyle Skiing

TD Christopher A. Moore, CAN

TD Assistant open

Jury members open

Head judge open

Assistant open

Judges open

Score verifier open

For all disciplines

Medical supervisor open

17. World Cup Calendars 2000/2001

At its Meeting in Venice in November 1999, on proposal of the respective Technical Committees, the Council approved the World Cup Calendars for Cross-Country, Ski Jumping, Nordic Combined and Alpine for the 2000/2001 season. In Melbourne the Council confirmed each of the discipline calendars, some of which include minor modifications due to experiences during the past season.

In the case of Cross-Country the Council decided to introduce the "FIS Cross-Country Sprint World Cup" as a separate, important new World Cup, whereby all Sprint Events will be classified in this Series and that no individual Sprint events would be calculated within the Cross-Country World Cup Series for other distances.

**“CAFÉ DE COLOMBIA” ALPINE FIS WORLD CUP 2000/01
MEN (M)**

Date	Site	Nat	DH	SG	GS	SL	C	Remarks	
October 2000									
29.10.	Sun	Sölden	AUT			X		Opening L&M	
November 2000									
17./19.	Fri/Sun	Park City	USA			X	X	L&M	
25.-26.	Sat-Sun	Lake Louise	CAN	X	X				
December 2000									
01.-03.	Fri-Sun	Vail	USA	X	X				
09.-10.	Sat-Sun	Val d'Isère	FRA	X		X		L&M	
11.	Mon	Sestrieres	ITA				X	Night SL	
16.-17.	Sat-Sun	Gröden Alta Badia	ITA	X		X			
20.-21.	Wed-Thu	Kranjska Gora	SLO			X	X		
29.	Fri	Bormio	ITA	X					
January 2001									
06.-07.	Sat-Sun	Les Arcs	FRA			X	X		
09.	Tue	Adelboden	SUI			X			
13.-14.	Sat-Sun	Wengen	SUI	X			X	X	
19.-21.	Fri-Sun	Kitzbühel	AUT	X	X		X	X	
23.	Tue	Schladming	AUT				X	Night SL	
27.-28.	Sat-Sun	Garmisch Partenk.	GER	X	X				
February 2001									
28.01-10.	Sun-Sat	<i>FIS World Ski Championships St. Anton</i>	AUT						
17.-18.	Sat-Sun	Shigakogen	JPN			X	XX		
24.-25.	Sat-Sun	Snowbasin	USA	X	X				
March 2001									
03.-04.	Sat-Sun	Kvitfjell	NOR	X	X				
07.-11.	Wed-Sun	Are	SWE	X	X	X	X	Final L & M	
Total 19 events / 37 competitions				11	7	9	10	2	

Alpine FIS Junior World Ski Championships: 04.-11.02.2001 Alpes Vaudoises (SUI)

**“CAFÉ DE COLOMBIA” ALPINE FIS WORLD CUP 2000/01
LADIES (L)**

Date	Site	Nat	DH	SG	GS	SL	C	Remarks
October 2000								
28.10. Sat	Sölden	AUT			X			Opening L&M
November 2000								
16./18. Thu/Sat	Park City	USA			X	X		L&M
24.-25. Fri-Sat	Aspen	USA		X		X		
30.-02. Thu-Sat	Lake Louise	CAN	XX	X				
December 2000								
06.-07. Wed-Thu	Val d'Isère	FRA		X	X			L&M
10. Sun	Sestrieres	ITA				X		
16.-17. Sat-Sun	St. Moritz	SUI	X	X				
20.-21. Wed-Thu	Jasna	SVK			X	X		
28./30. Thu/Sat	Semmering	AUT			X	X		Night SL
January 2001								
06.-07. Sat-Sun	Maribor	SLO			X	X		
12.-14. Fri-Sun	Haus i.E. / Flachau	AUT	X	X		X	X	
19.-21. Fri-Sun	Cortina d'Ampezzo	ITA	X	X	X			
26.-27. Fri-Sat	Ofterschwang	GER			X	X		
February 2001								
28.01-10. Sun-Sat	<i>FIS World Ski Championships St. Anton</i>	<i>AUT</i>						
16.-18. Fri-Sun	Garmisch Partenk.	GER	X	X		X	X	
24.-25. Sat-Sun	Lenzerheide	SUI	X	X				
March 2001								
07.-11. Wed-Sun	Are	SWE	X	X	X	X		Final L & M
Total 16 events / 36 competitions			8	9	9	10	2	

Alpine FIS Junior World Ski Championships: 04.-11.02.2001 Alpes Vaudoises (SUI)

**“BUDERUS” FIS WORLD CUP CROSS-COUNTRY
CALENDAR 2000/01**

Date	Site		Distance		
			Ladies	Men	
November / November 2000					
Sat-Sun 25.-26.11.00	Beitostölen	NOR	10 km C 4x5 km C/F	15 km C 4x10 km C/F	Opening
Wed 29.11.00	Lillehammer	NOR	5 km F	10 km F	
December / Dezember 2000					
Fri-Sun 08.-10.12.00	Santa Caterina	ITA	10 km F 4x3 km C/F	15 km F 4x5 km C/F	
Wed 13.12.00	Clusone	ITA	Sprint Relay F	Sprint Relay F	
Sun 17.12.00	Seefeld	AUT	10 km C	10 km C/10 km F (P)	
Wed 20.12.00	Davos	SUI	15 km C	30 km C	
January / Januar 2001					
Wed 10.01.01	Salt Lake City	USA	5 km C/5 km F (P)	30 km F Mass start	
Sun 14.01.01			4x5 km C/F	15 km C	
February / Februar 2001					
Sat 10.02.01	Otepää	EST	5 km C	10 km C	
Thu-Sun 15.-25.02.01	Lahti	FIN	10 km C 5 km C/5 km F (P) 15 km C 4x5 km C/F Sprint competition 30 km F	15 km C 30 km C 10 km C/10 km F (P) 4x10 km C/F Sprint competition 50 km F	
March / März 2001					
Sun 04.03.01	Kavgolovo	RUS	15 km F	15 km F	
Sat-Sun 10.-11.03.01	Oslo (Holmenkollen)	NOR	30 km C	50 km C	
Wed 14.03.01	Borlänge	SWE	5 km F	10 km F	
Sat-Sun 17.-18.03.01	Falun	SWE	10 km F 10 km C	15km C 4x10 km C/F	
Sat 24.03.01	Kuopio	FIN	40 km F (mass start)	60 km F (mass start)	
Sun 25.03.01				Final	

30.01.-04.02.2001: FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, Karpacz-Szklarska Poreba (POL)

**FIS WORLD CUP CROSS-COUNTRY "SPRINT"
CALENDAR 2000/01**

Date	Site		Sprint Format	
			Ladies	Men
December / Dezember 2000				
Fri 15.12.00	Kitzbühel	AUT	Sprint F	Sprint F
Wed 27.12.00	Partenkirchen	GER	Sprint C	Sprint C
Fri 29.12.00	Engelberg	SUI	Sprint F	Sprint F
January / Januar 2001				
Fri 12.01.01	Salt Lake City	USA	Sprint F	Sprint F
February / Februar 2001				
Fri 02.02.01	OPA		Sprint C	Sprint C
Sun 04.02.01	Nove Mesto	CZE	Sprint F	Sprint F
March / März 2001				
Wed 07.03.01	Oslo	NOR	Sprint C	Sprint C

30.01.-04.02.2001: FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, Karpacz-Szklarska Poreba (POL)

**FIS GRAND-PRIX SKI-JUMPING
CALENDAR 2000**

Date	Site	Country	Size of Hill	Remarks
I. Period				
Saturday, 05.08.	Hinterzarten	GER	K 95	Opening, Team
Sunday, 06.08.	Hinterzarten	GER	K 95	
Wednesday, 09.08.	Kuopio	FIN	K 120	
Saturday, 12.08.	Villach	AUT	K 90	
Monday, 14.08.	Courchevel	FRA	K 120	
Saturday, 26.08.	Hakuba	JPN	K 120	Asian Tournament
Sunday, 27.08.	Hakuba	JPN	K 120	
Wednesday, 30.08.	Muju	KOR	K 120	Asian Tournament
Saturday, 02.09.	Sapporo	JPN	K 120	Asian Tournament
Saturday, 03.09.	Sapporo	JPN	K 120	Asian Tournament Final

**“RUHRGAS” FIS WORLD CUP SKI-JUMPING
CALENDAR 2000/01**

Date	Site	Country	Size of Hill	Remarks
II. Period				
Fri 24.11.00	Kuopio	FIN	K 120	Opening (night event)
Sat 25.11.00	Kuopio	FIN	K 120	Team (night event)
Sat 02.12.00	Lillehammer	NOR	K 120	Team (night event)
Sun 03.12.00	Lillehammer	NOR	K 120	(night event)
Fri 08.12.00	Ramsau	AUT	K 90	
Sat 09.12.00	Liberec	CZE	K 120	Team (night event)
Sun 10.12.00	Liberec	CZE	K 120	
Sat 16.12.00	Engelberg	SUI	K 120	
Sun 17.12.00	Engelberg	SUI	K 120	
III. Period				
Fri 29.12.00	Oberstdorf	GER	K 115	“D2” 4 Schanzen Tournee
Mon 01.01.01	Garmisch-Partenkirchen	GER	K 115	“D2” 4 Schanzen Tournee
Thu 04.01.01	Innsbruck	AUT	K 110	“D2” 4 Schanzen Tournee
Sat 06.01.01	Bischofshofen	AUT	K 120	“D2” 4 Schanzen Tournee
Sat 13.01.01	Harrachov	CZE	K 185	Ski-Flying
Sun 14.01.01	Harrachov	CZE	K 185	Ski-Flying
IV. Period				
Fri 19.01.01	Salt Lake City	USA	K 90	Team
Sun 20.01.01	Salt Lake City	USA	K 120	
Tue 24.01.01	Hakuba	JPN	K 120	
Sat 27.01.01	Sapporo	JPN	K 120	
Sun 28.01.01	Sapporo	JPN	K 120	
V. Period				
Sat 03.02.01	Willingen	GER	K 120	
Sun 04.02.01	Willingen	GER	K 120	
Sun 18.02.01	Lahti	FIN	K 116	
Wed 21.02.01	FIS World Ski Championships		K 116	Team (night event)
Fri 23.02.01			K 90	
Sun 25.02.01			K 90	Team
Sat 03.03.01		Oberstdorf	GER	K 185
Sun 04.03.01	Oberstdorf	GER	K 185	Ski-Flying
VI. Period				
Wed 07.03.01	Falun	SWE	K 115	Nordic Tournament
Fri 09.03.01	Trondheim	NOR	K 120	Nordic Tournament
Sun 11.03.01	Oslo	NOR	K 115	Nordic Tournament
Sat 17.03.01	Planica	SLO	K 185	Ski-Flying Team
Sun 18.03.01	Planica	SLO	K 185	Ski-Flying Final

30.01.-04.02.2001: FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, Karpacz-Szklarska Poreba (POL)

**“BAUHAUS“ FIS WORLD CUP NORDIC COMBINED
CALENDAR 2000/01**

Date Datum	Site Ort	Country Land	Remarks Bemerkungen
<i>I. Period / Periode</i>			
Sun 26.11.00	Lillehammer	NOR	Team Mass start Opening
Tue/Wed 28.-29.11.00	Lillehammer	NOR	
Sat 02.12.00	Rovaniemi	FIN	SPRINT
Sun 03.12.00	Rovaniemi	FIN	
Sat 09.12.00	Ramsau	AUT	Mass start
Sun 10.12.00	Ramsau	AUT	SPRINT
Sat/Sun 16.-17.12.00	Val di Fiemme	ITA	(K 120)
<i>II. Period / Periode</i>			
Fri 30.12.00	Oberwiesenthal	GER	SPRINT ° Deutsch-
Wed 03.01.01	Reit im Winkl	GER	Mass start ° land
Sun 07.01.01	Schonach	GER	*Qualification Format ° Grand-Prix
Fri 19.01.01	Salt Lake City	USA	SPRINT (K120) Pre-OWG
Sun 21.01.01	Salt Lake City	USA	Team Mass start Pre-OWG
Fri 26.01.01	Steamboat Springs	USA	SPRINT
Sun 28.01.01	Steamboat Springs	USA	(K 112)
<i>III. Period / Periode</i>			
Sat/Sun 10.-11.02.01	Liberec	CZE	(K120)
Fri 16.02.01	Lahti	FIN	Individual
Tue 20.02.01	FIS World Ski Championships		Team
Sat 24.02.01			SPRINT (K120)
Thu 01.03.01	Nayoro	JPN	Mass start
Sat/Sun 03.-04.03.01	Sapporo	JPN	(K120)
Fri 09.03.01	Oslo	NOR	(K115) *Qualification Format
Sat 10.03.01	Oslo	NOR	SPRINT (K115) Final

30.01.-04.02.2001: FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, Karpacz-Szklarska Poreba (POL)

* Qualification Format:

Individual competition with qualification system for Ski-Jumping and 16 points per minute for Cross-Country

**FIS WORLD CUP "B" NORDIC COMBINED
CALENDAR 2000/01**

Date Datum	Site Ort	Country Land	Remarks Bemerkungen
<i>I. Period / Periode</i>			
Fri 08.12.00	Salt Lake City	USA	SPRINT (K 90) Opening
Sat/Sun 09.-10.12.00	Salt Lake City	USA	(K 90)
Tue 12.12.00	Salt Lake City	USA	Mass start (K 120)
Fri 15.12.00	Calgary	CAN	
Sun 17.12.00	Calgary	CAN	
Tue 19.12.00	Calgary	CAN	
<i>II. Period / Periode</i>			
Sat 06.01.01	Karpacz	POL	
Sat/Sun 13.-14.01.01	Garmisch-Partenkirchen	GER	(K 115)
Tue/Wed 16.-17.01.01	Val di Fiemme	ITA	
Sat 20.01.01	Klingenthal	GER	Mass start
Sun 21.01.01	Klingenthal	GER	Team Mass start
Fri 26.01.01	Liberec	CZE	SPRINT
Sat/Sun 27.-28.01.01	Liberec	CZE	(K 120) *Qualification Format
<i>III. Period / Periode</i>			
Fri 16.02.01	Lahti	FIN	Individual
Tue 20.02.01	FIS World Ski Championships		Team
Sat 24.02.01			SPRINT (K 120)
Fri 02.03.01	Chaux-Neuve	FRA	SPRINT
Sat/Sun 03.-04.03.01	Chaux-Neuve/Valleé de Joux	FRA/SUI	
Sat 10.03.01	Taivalkoski	FIN	SPRINT
Sun 11.03.01	Taivalkoski	FIN	
Sat/Sun 17.-18.03.01	Mo I Rana	NOR	Mass start Final

30.01.-04.02.2001: FIS Nordic Junior World Ski Championships, Karpacz-Szklarska Poreba (POL)

- * Qualification Format:
Individual competition with qualification system for Ski-Jumping and 16 points per minute for Cross-Country

NOKIA SNOWBOARD FIS WORLD CUP 2000/2001
presented by Grundig
LADIES / MEN

Date	Place	NAT	SG	GS	PGS	PSL	HP	SBX	
NOVEMBER 2000									
11.-12.	Tignes	FRA		X			X	X	
24.-26.	Kaprun	AUT			X	X		X	
DECEMBER 2000									
01.-03.	Tandadalen	SWE			X	X	X		
08.-10.	Whistler	CAN		X			X	X	
16.-17.	Mt. Ste. Anne	CAN		X			X		
JANUARY 2001									
05.-07.	Kreischberg	AUT				X	X	X	
10.-11.	Schönried	SUI		X				X	
13.-14.	Morzine/ Les Gets	FRA				X		X	
17.-19.	Olang	ITA			X		X	X	
FEBRUARY 2001									
03.-04.	Spitzing	GER			X			X	
09.-11.	Berchtesgaden	GER		X		X	X		
17.-18.	Ashiakawa	JPN			X		X		
23.-25.	Sapporo/Makomanai	JPN			X		X	X	
MARCH 2001									
01.-04.	Park City	USA			X		X		
14.-18.	Ruka	FIN		X	X	X	X	X	
Total 41/41					6/6	8/8	6/6	11/11	10/10

FIS SNOWBOARD WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS 2001

Date	Place	NAT	GS	PGS	PSL	HP	SBX
21.-28.01.2001	Madonna di Campiglio	ITA	X	X	X	X	X
			W22	24	26	27	28
			M23				

FIS SNOWBOARD JUNIOR WORLD CHAMPIONSHIPS 2001

Date	Place	NAT	GS	PGS	PSL	HP	SBX
09.-11.03.2001	Nassfeld	AUT					

**FIS FREESTYLE WORLD CUP 2000/2001
LADIES / MEN**

Date	NAT	MO	DM	AE	New Style
AUGUST 2000					
12.-13. Mt. Buller	AUS			(12, 13)	
NOVEMBER 2000					
25.-26. Tândadalen	SWE	(25)	(26)		(26)
DECEMBER 2000					
02.-03. Blackcomb	CAN			(02)	(03)
16.-17. Tignes	FRA	(16)			(17)
JANUARY 2001					
06.-07. Deer Valley	USA	(07)		(Q 05 / F 06)	
12.-13. Tremblant	CAN	(12)		(13)	(12 N)
26.-28. Sunday River	USA	(27)		(28)	(26)
FEBRUARY 2001					
04. Inawashiro	JPN	(04)			
07.-11. Iizuna Kogen	JPN	(11)	(10)		(07)
24. Piancavallo	ITA			(24)	
MARCH 2001					
08.-11 tba	FIN	(09)	(11)	(10)	X(08)
		8/8	3/3	8/8	7/7

FIS FREESTYLE WORLD SKI CHAMPIONSHIPS

Date	Place	NAT	MO	DM	AE
JANUARY 2001					
17.-21.	Whistler	CAN	(17Q) (19F)	(21)	(18Q)(20F)

18. Prize-money

According to the ICR art. 225.1 the FIS Council has to confirm in spring of each year the values of prize-money for the following competition season. On request of several National Ski Associations and Organising Committees, who have already prepared their budgets and have fixed contracts, the Council decided to apply the same minimum levels of prize-money for the 2000/2001 season as were valid for the 1999/2000 season and that for the future the ICR would be amended so that the Council will confirm the values of prize-money at its meetings in autumn approx. 6 months before the Calendar Conference resp. 1 ½ years before the competition season.

Prize-money 2000/2001

- Alpine events:
Minimum cash prize per event: CHF 100'000.—
divided between 1 – 10
- Cross-Country events:
Minimum cash prize for individual events: CHF 25'000.—
divided between 1 – 8
Minimum cash prize for relay events: CHF 20'000.—
divided between 1 – 6
- Ski Jumping:
Minimum cash prize per event: CHF 50'000.—
divided between 1 – 6
Minimum cash prize per double event: CHF 35'000.—
divided between 1 – 6
Minimum cash prize per team event: CHF 20'000.—
divided between 1 – 3
- Nordic Combined:
Minimum cash prize per event: CHF 20'000.—
divided between 1 – 6
Minimum cash prize per team event: CHF 10'000.—
divided between 1 – 3
- Freestyle events:
Minimum cash prize per event and sex: 12'000.—
divided between 1 – 6
- Snowboard events:
Minimum cash prize per event and sex: CHF 20'000.—
divided between 1 – 10

19. Proposals and requests from National Ski Associations and FIS Committees

The Cross-Country Committee

On request of the Cross-Country Committee the Council approved the following proposals:

1. International Competition Rules

The Cross-Country ICR 2000 will be published before the start of the 2000/2001 season. The draft was distributed to the National Ski Associations in April of this year and subsequent comments were evaluated and included. A final draft is available from the FIS Nordic Office on request.

2. TD Seminars 2000/2001

15.-17.09.2000	TD Seminar (Pop. Races)	St. Moritz, SUI
October 2000	TD Seminar	Scandinavia
15.-17.10.2000	TD Seminar	Ramsau, AUT
February 2001	TD Seminar (Pop. Races)	Canada
July 2001	Seminar Ladies Coaches	Salt Lake City, USA
August 2001	Homologation Inspectors Seminar	Val di Fiemme, ITA

3. FIS Marathon Cup

6 races will be organised within the framework of the FIS Marathon Cup 2000/2001, whereby FIS will not provide cash prizes for the winners of the series, however will continue to search for a sponsor who may be prepared to provide suitable prizes for the winners of the Marathon Cup.

4. Quotas

Special qualification norms will apply for the World Cup competitions in Salt Lake City with the same criteria as will be applicable for the Olympic Winter Games 2002.

Increased quotas for the FIS World Ski Championships, following the introduction of the sprint events:

Cross-Country	Men	10
	Ladies	10
Cross-Country Juniors	Men	8
	Ladies	8

5. Nordic Junior World Ski Championships

Programme for the Championships 2001 in Karpacz/Szklarska Poreba (POL):

Tuesday	15 km Women, Mass start 30 km Men, Mass start
Thursday	5 km Women 10 km Men
Saturday	Sprint 1000 m Women Sprint 1000 m Men
Sunday	Relay Women Relay Men

Sprint events:

A distance for the sprint events at the Junior World Ski Championships of 1000 m.

6. Television production

To seek improved quality of television production for the Cross-Country disciplines through close collaboration with rights holders and television networks.

7. FIS points

New factors for mass start of 1000 and sprint of 800.

* * *

Furthermore in regard to the modification of the programme for the FIS World Ski Championships in Lahti 2001, the Council confirmed its commitment to the mass start events and requested the Cross-Country Committee to review that the necessary technical requirements are fulfilled for future organisers.

The Jumping Committee

The Council approved the following proposals of the Jumping Committee:

1. The Sub-Committee for Hills Construction

- Modification of the classification of hill size (ICR art. 411.2):

Small hills	w from 20 m to 45 m
Medium hills	w from 46m to 74m
Normal hills	w from 75 m to 99 m
Large hills	w from 100 m to 120 m
Flying hills	w over 170 m
- Modification for the width of the prepared areas of the jumping hill (ICR art. 411.4):

Inrun

$$\begin{array}{llll}
 b_1 & = & 1.5 \text{ m} & \text{for } w < 30 \text{ m} \\
 \mathbf{b_1} & = & \mathbf{1.0 \text{ m} + w/60} & \text{for } \mathbf{30 \text{ m} < w < 74 \text{ m}} \\
 \mathbf{b_1} & = & \mathbf{2.25 \text{ m}} & \text{for } \mathbf{75 \text{ m} < w < 99 \text{ m}} \\
 \mathbf{b_1} & = & \mathbf{2.50 \text{ m}} & \text{for } \mathbf{w > 100 \text{ m}}
 \end{array}$$

Landing area and Outrun:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \mathbf{b_2} & = \mathbf{0.06 w, \text{ with a minimum of 3 m}} \\
 \mathbf{b_K} & = \mathbf{0.20 w, \text{ with a minimum of 6 m}} \\
 \mathbf{b_A} & = \mathbf{0.22 w, \text{ with a minimum of 6.5 m}}
 \end{array}$$

- Amendment to the rules of Ski-Flying hills (ICR art. 413):
Particular rules apply to Ski-Flying hills. The **new building or reconstruction** of any current Ski-Flying hill may be started only after plans have been approved **by the FIS**. The following restrictions and requirements must also be met:
 - $h:n$ must be at least 0.60 for w greater than 170 m.
 - The maximum value of v_0 is 29 m/s.
 - **The height difference between the edge of the take-off platform and the lowest point of the transition curve from K to the outrun flat shall be no greater than 130 m.**
 - the width of the landing slope at K (b_K) must be at least 0.18 w .

- Change to the requirements for the inrun and take-off (ICR art. 417.1):

The preparation of the snow must be such that it is completely level and at the exact height of the profile boards. **This marking should allow a snow depth of 20 cm.** The necessary snow density is achieved through packing.

The depth of the track must be at least 2 cm.

In exceptional cases the jury is entitled to use an artificial inrun track, whereby this must be stated on the invitation.

- Definition of the fall line (ICR art. 417.4):
As a rule the fall line shall be located approx. 5 m past the end of the r_2 .

2. The Sub-Committee for Equipment and Development

All items were handled in the Committee for Competition Equipment (please see pages 63 – 64).

3. The Sub-Committee for Jumping Judges and Technical Delegates

The judging of the ski jump performance (ICR art. 431)

Principles (ICR art. 431.1):

The point deduction for faults and deficiencies must be carried out according to the three groups of appearance of the successions of the jumpers movements: flight, landing and outrun. The judges have to submit their point deductions separately according to the three groups; flight, landing and outrun to calculations (computer and/or calculation office).

The flight (ICR art. 431.2.1):

Judging criteria's

- **Active utilization of the air pressure**
- **Getting into a optimal and stable body position with left and right sides symmetricly positioned skis, legs and arms.**
- **The legs have to be fully stretched**

Point deductions:

- **Maximum point deduction for the entire group of faults** **5.0 pts**
- **unsuccessful utilization of the air pressure (as a single fault)** **maximum 2.5 pts**

4. The Sub-Committee for Rules and Operation

The jury (ICR art. 402 ff)

402.1.2 At OWG, WSC, SFWC, WCJ- and GP competitions, the Jury consists of the following members:

- the Race Director (RD)
- the Technical Delegate (TD)
- **the Assistant of the TD**
- the Chief of Competition

The Race Director has the decisive vote in case of a tie.

403.1 FIS officials for Jury and Competition Management

403.2 FIS Technical Delegate (TD)

403.3 FIS Race Director

This professional is nominated by the FIS for competitions of the highest category (see art. 402.1.2). He must possess a TD-license for Ski-Jumping. He carries the main responsibility for both the proper running of the competition according to the rules of the FIS as well as for the effective co-ordination with all parties involved; however, he should be the key figure in decisions concerning cancellations, postponements, coordination with broadcasting agencies etc. The RD has the authority to ask the OC for any support deemed necessary to the fulfilling of these tasks.

403.3.1 Before the Competition

The RD has to check and control the preparation of the competitions through inspections. The aspects to be covered are

- **organization and competition programme**
- **working conditions**
- **FIS Data Service as well as**
- **all aspects stated in the organizer contract including inspection reports.**

403.3.2 During the Competition

The RD has to take care of the interests of the FIS. He must be present throughout the entire competition and must be located in the competition area and has to ensure that Jury decisions are possible at any time.

The Committee for Nordic Combined

The Council approved the following proposals of the Committee for Nordic Combined:

1. World Cup Rules

Entry (art. 1.1)

National Ski Associations organising World Cup "B" competitions will be given priority in the calendar planning for the organisation of World Cup (A) competitions.

2.6.1 The first **8** competitors (Individual and SPRINT) of the preceding FIS World Junior Ski Championships have the right to start, as well as the first 10 competitors (Individual and SPRINT) from the previous FIS World Ski Championships or Olympic Winter Games, if entered by their National Ski Association.

2.6.2 **Substitution quotas** (former item 2.5)
At the conclusion of each of the three FIS World Cup periods, the top three (3) FIS World Cup "B" point competitors, within a specific period, will be included within the FIS World Cup qualified group. ~~even when not ranked in the top 45 competitors in the WRL. A displacement of WRL athletes in positions 43 to 45 will occur in order to maintain the limit of 45 qualified athletes in FIS World Cup.~~

2.7 **Exchange of competitors**
 An exchange of one competitor by each nation is possible. **This too includes a World Cup A competitor's ability to start in a World Cup B event if entered by their National Ski Association.**
 This has to be announced by the FIS Race Director in a timely fashion.

7.2.4 **Exchange of athletes and additional competitors**
 Expenses for those mentioned in articles 2.6 and 2.7 will not be covered. **However, the costs for accommodation have to be covered for the qualified competitors according to art. 2.6.2.**

4.2 SPRINT evaluation

The FIS SPRINT World Cup winner is the participant having obtained, at the final evaluation the highest number of points from all SPRINT events. If two or more competitors have the same number of points at the final evaluation, the order will be determined according to the highest point total of all SPRINT events resp. according to the successive ranks in FIS SPRINT events. A small FIS trophy will be presented.

2. World Cup B Rules

4.2 SPRINT evaluation

The FIS SPRINT World Cup B winner is the participant having obtained, at the final evaluation the highest number of points from all SPRINT events. If two or more competitors have the same number of points at the final evaluation, the order will be determined according to the highest point total of all SPRINT events resp. according to the successive ranks in FIS SPRINT events. A small FIS trophy will be presented.

2. International Competition Rules

The introduction of an "own" Nordic Combined ICR as from the 2000/2001 season.

The following text replaces parts previously taken from the Cross-Country and Ski Jumping Rules:

Adjustment jumping hill according to hill sizes (art. 411.2)

K-point distance	Meter value	Hill sizes
20 - 24m	4,8 pts/m	Small hills
25 - 29m	4,4 pts/m	
30 - 34m	4,0 pts/m	
35 - 39m	3,6 pts/m	
40 - 44m	3,2 pts/m	
45 - 59m	2,8 pts/m	Medium hills
60 - 74m	2,4 pts/m	
75 - 84m	2,2 pts/m	Normal hills
85 - 99m	2,0 pts/m	
100 - 120m	1,2 pts/m	Large hills

Layout of finish area Cross-Country stadium

The layout for the Nordic Combined finish area includes:

- **the finish lane which is the area of the last 100 to 150 m before the finish line and**
- **the finish zone which is the area of the last 50 m before the finish line. The beginning of this zone must be clearly marked with a coloured line. This zone is a minimum of 9 meters wide and is separated into 3 corridors that must be clearly marked and highly visible but not interfering with the skis. Once the competitors enter the finish zone they must remain their corridors unless they are overtaking another competitor.
Competitors leaving their corridors intentionally or obstructionally will be disqualified.**

Team Mass start Nordic Combined

The event “Team Mass Start” Nordic Combined contains a 4 x 5 km Relay Cross-Country race with mass start followed by a Ski-Jumping competition in two scored rounds without deduction points of jumping judges.

4 x 5 km Relay Mass Start

The first part bases on the following rules for Cross-Country: art. 371 ff.

Each team member has to run one round of 5km.

The start position is according to the last result from the WSC or OWG or the Nations ranking at the World Cup. The time differences of each team will be calculated in points.

Preparation of courses for free technique, width of the course 6 - 8 m, depending on size of stadium 3 ore more start lines (about 15 athletes per line), point system 10 km = 15 p/m ore 4,0 sec./pt.

Part 2 Ski-Jumping

One trial jump (round) is compulsory in the competition. Start of the first round in reverse order of Cross-Country results from the teams, i.e. the winner of C-C gets the last number of each group for Ski-Jumping.

The second round is the final round, i.e. provisional result Cross-Country and first round are decisive for the starting order. No judging of the style; only the distance will be counted.

Penalties for falls and no telemark landing will be evaluated.

Fall = penalty 10 points = on K 90 = 5 m,

no telemark landing = penalty 4 points = on K 90 = 2 m.

At WSC and OWG this decision is made by a group of 3 judges and in World Cups by the Jury.

After the first jumper in the second round the data-service will be able to calculate and show (table and/or info-system) in advance the needed points and needed distance for each jumper i.e. teams.

3. Points table

The Council commissioned the Committee for Nordic Combined to study and develop a new points table for individual competition and team event in a similar way to the alpine "F" factor, before the meeting of the Council in the autumn.

4. Calculation system for the Team Event

For the Gundersen team method to change the calculation system during the jumping competitions from the current average system to use the total points for the jumping calculation as a basis for the time difference.

5. Trial individual competitions with qualification system

Over the next two years a new format qualification system in World Cup A and B events will be tested at 4 – 5 competitions. The new format will have a qualification after the first round to reduce the starting field to 30 for the 2nd round and for the Cross-Country competition. The calculation points will change to 16 points per minute.

The Alpine Committee

The Council approved the following proposals of the Alpine Committee:

1. Alpine Executive Board

Team competition

A trial alpine team competition will take place, the FIS Nations Grand Prix, provisionally after the World Cup Final 2001.

New format for Slalom and Giant Slalom

A new format for Slalom and Giant Slalom shall be tested in FIS races in Madonna di Campiglio (ITA), providing the National Ski Association registers the competition as a normal FIS race, whereby the FIS rules regarding entry and prize-money apply.

Youth and Children's matters

The Alpine Executive Board shall take over itself the supervision of FIS Alpine Junior World Ski Championships and will appoint a Working Group to handle youth and children's matters.

2. The Sub-Committee for Classification of Alpine Competitors

Injury status

The injury status by FIS point penalties shall be replaced by rank penalties as it is practised already in the WC. For special cases before the inscription by rank penalties at the beginning of the northern hemisphere winter, the actual FIS point penalties shall be applied.

4.7 Injury Status

4.7.1 Registration

When a competitor injures himself and applies for the single penalty, the National Ski Association must apply as soon as possible (also during the season) but not later than 30 April for the approval of a single penalty, whereby the official form and a medical certificate must be sent to the FIS.

If a competitor is unable to start for more than one year, a new application for the approval of a single penalty has to be sent before 30 April.

4.7.1.1 Conditions

- Not more than three (DH, SG) or five times (GS, SL) started at FIS events during a period of twelve months.
- At least three months must fall between the time of the injury and the first start.

4.7.2 Inscription (for the FIS points list nr. 1 (November))

If the status as injured is approved, the competitor will be included in the FIS points list in the respective discipline(s) for the coming season. The inscription of the ranks 1 - 30 will be done according to the WC rules.

4.7.3 Results during the period of the injury status**4.7.3.1 Before inscription**

As soon as the calculation of the regular FIS points is greater than the points at the time of the accident, the single penalty will be added to those injury points (injury points).

4.7.3.2 Inscription

If a competitor achieves results, the FIS points will be calculated so that the best result of the following possibilities will be considered:

- a) Normal FIS points calculation
- b) Inscribed FIS points according art. 4.7.2

4.7.4 Duration of the injury status (WC: see WC rules)

After the inscription by rank in the FIS points list the injury status lasts one year.

4.7.5 Longer period than one year

If a competitor is unable to start for more than one year, a new penalty will be calculated according to the rank after his last penalty.

4.7.6 Scale for penalties according to ranks

Rank	Penalties
1 - 30	According WC Rules
31 - 35	4
36 - 40	6
41 - 45	8
46 - 50	10
51 - 55	12
56 - 60	14
61 - 70	18
71 - 80	20
from 81	25

3. The Sub-Committee for Rules and Control

Starting order at FIS calendar National Championships (ICR art. 621.3.1)

The jury may permit the draw/choosing of starting numbers as per the rules for World Cup and Continental Cups.

4. The Sub-Committee for Alpine World Cup

FIS Opening

The Organiser of the FIS Opening shall be appointed from the candidates, who fulfil all valid criteria.

5. The Sub-Committee for Youth's and Children's Questions

One pair of skis

For the category Children I, only the same pair of skis for Slalom and Giant Slalom per event (weekend including 2 races) may be used.

6. Working Group Slalom Poles

As from the start of the northern hemisphere season 2000/2001 the homologated gate flags for Giant Slalom and Super-G at World Cup races will be compulsory also for Continental Cup races and from 2001/2002 for all FIS calendar competitions for safety reasons.

The Freestyle Committee

The Council approved the following proposals of the Freestyle Committee:

1. Dual moguls course specifications

Angle: 26 ± 5
Length: 200 ± 50 m

2. Adopt "Ski Jumping" start procedures for Freestyle Skiing Aerials

3043.4.2.1 In which sphere of the wind condition (velocity) the jumper is allowed to start.

- 3043.4.2.2 The Installation of Measuring Devices
- 3043.4.2.3 Wind Velocity and Direction
The measuring instruments shall be placed laterally to the height of the optimal flight trajectory. The gauges recording the data shall display the actual conditions separately, not an average.
These momentary values must be shown on the Judges Stand in a clear and appropriate way. In addition to these instruments, wind flags shall be placed at the side of the landing track.

Start Permission and Start Time Control

- 3043.4.2.4 Three phase mode
Start permission and starting time control at OWG, WSC and WC, events will be determined by means of a three-colored (red-yellow-green) signal and a digital clock which are connected and running automatically depending on the adjustable starting rhythm program.
During the red phase (start preparation), the clock runs backward from the adjusted time to zero seconds. During the consecutive yellow phase (taking the start position on the inrun) the clock runs forward and switches to after 5 seconds, the green phase.
Then the starting time begins which will be finished after 10 seconds. The light automatically switches back to red and the starting procedure for the next jumper begins.
The red, as well as the yellow phase, can be extended manually.
- 3043.4.2.5 It is the competitor's responsibility to be ready at the start when the starting number is called. The Aerialist has according to the respective mode of the start time installation (5 seconds in case of three phase mode and 15 seconds in case of two phase mode) to leave the start after the start signal has been given. If the jumper has not left the start gate by the end of the start time, the hill will automatically be closed.
- 3043.4.2.6 During the starting procedure, the aerialist must have the opportunity to clearly observe the automatic countdown display (e.g. a programmable digital clock)

3043.4.2.7 The Aerialist has to start within the start time. If the start signal is interrupted during the competitor's starting period for any reason, for example unstable weather conditions, the starting process will begin again.

3. Reducing the Degree of Difficulty in Aerials by the Jury

3032.3.2.2 The Jury has the right to determine the maximum Degree of Difficulty for an aerial competition based upon the guidelines of the FIS Freestyle Committee.

4. Minimum FIS Point Level Aerials

To set a minimum FIS point level for entry into World Cup AT 650 FIS points.

5. The Acro Discipline

Acro Ski discipline is suspended at the World Cup and World Championship level.

6. "New Style" Competition Rules and Guidelines

Approval of the competition procedures, formats, judging criteria and the course specifications as presented as section 4400:

4400 New Style

4401 Definition
Competitions shall consist of, but not be limited to, Half Pipe, Quarter Pipe, Big Air, Synchro Aerials, Skier Cross and Slope Style. The events make use of a specially designed course either using single terrain feature or a series of features. The skier performs their skills by using these terrain features. A panel of judges will evaluate the performance based upon criteria stressing air, show, quality and difficulty of performance. Each performance is also assessed on the landing and up to 50% of points can be deducted for a fall on landing. All skiers perform in a qualification round then the top skiers perform a number of rounds in the final rounds.

4400.1 The Competition Site

4400.1.1 Guidelines for Competition Sites

Competition sites must generally conform to the measurements as outlined in the FIS Freestyle Competition Course Specification guidelines.

4400.1.2 General Characteristics of the Competition Site

The competition site must be constructed specifically according to the specifications contained in FIS Freestyle Course Specifications Guidelines. The course should be properly prepared and lay out free of all visible and known hazards. All measurements taken are in degrees as opposed to percentages.

4400.1.3.1 Layout of the Competition Site

4402.1.3.3 Competition sites may be constructed out of earth in the off-season. If not practical, then a natural location should be chosen. In order to assure the correct facility is available, this construction should precede the competition by a minimum of one week.

The competition site must be located where spectators can have easy access, where facilities and services are located nearby, and if possible, where snowmaking can service the site.

The competition site should not have any obstacles or obstructions that will cause any inconvenience or difficulty for the competitor. There should be ample space available in the Start and Finish area for the competitor to manoeuvre.

4402.1.3.4 The competition site must be serviced by uphill transportation with a minimum capacity of 150 persons per hour. This transportation must cover a minimum distance from the finish area to the start. The maximum turn around time for this transportation system must be no more than 10 minutes.

4402.1.3.5 The start area shall set following the guidelines as outline in 3043.2. The drop in allows the skier to have the correct speed for the performance and the landing has to have the correct angle to accommodate both flips and spins.

- 4402.1.3.6 The Finish Area for the competition must be satisfactorily large enough to allow the skier to stop. All fences and barriers must be in place.
- 4402.1.3.7 The site must be equipped with a public address system according to rule 3041.4.1.
- 4402.1.3.8 A judges stand is required and the size and layout is to be according to 3041.5
- 4402.1.4 Preparation and Inspection of the Competition Site
- 4402.1.4.1 The competition site will be completely prepared for training at least one day before the competition and must then be available for training on the day of the event.
- 4402.1.4.2 Before training begins on the first training day, the competitors and Jury must inspect the course. The Jury shall determine the time of inspection.
- 4402.1.4.3 Immediately after this inspection, the TD and other members of the Jury shall be available to receive requests and suggestions from the competitors and trainers regarding the site.
- 4402.1.5 Official Training
- 4402.1.5.1 The official training for the competition is an inseparable part of the competition. The competitors are required to participate.
- 4402.1.5.2 The official training shall ideally encompass at least one day before the competition.
- 4402.1.5.3 The official training shall be a minimum of one-day (two hours of actual jumping time).
- 4402.1.5.4 The entire facility must be properly prepared and have proper medical services available during official training.
- 4402.1.5.5 There will be a starter at training to regulate the flow of the competitors.
- 4402.1.5.6 Competitors not wearing their bibs will not be allowed to participate during official training. Bibs must be easily visible.

- 4402.1.5.7 Helmets are required. All competitors and forerunners must wear helmets manufactured for snowboarding/or ski racing.
- 4402.1.5.8 On the competition day, the competitors are allowed two hours of training before the competitions begin. The Jury may reduce this to one hour
- 4403 Scoring
A judging scoring system will be used at all competitions. The total score for the performance shall be a maximum of 100 points.
The competitors' performance will be judged on the following basic components:
- 4403.1 **Quality**, refers to the execution and precision of the skill performance.
20% = 1 judge 20 points maximum – (50% of points for a fall) = Score
- 4403.2 **Air**, refers the amount and quality of air and amplitude in the jump. **20%** 1 judge 20 points maximum – (50% of points for a fall) = Score
- 4403.4 **Show**, Refers to the excitement, energy and showmanship of the athlete performing the skill.
40% 2 judges 20 points maximum each – (50% of points for a fall) = Score
- 4403.5 **Difficulty**, refers to the level of difficulty of the jump performed.
20% = 1 judge 20 points maximum – (50% of points for a fall) = Score
- 4403.6 **Deductions**, each judge can deduce up to 50% of all points they have based upon the landing errors.
- For competitions that have more than one feature, then up to 20% of the fall deductions are given for each fall.
- 4403.7 For Synchro Aerials – The 'Show' category becomes 'Synchronization'. The fall deductions remain at up to 50%.
- 4403.8 For Skier Cross, - the ranking is determined by who cross the finish line first. A series of finish line officials will determine these results.

- 4404 Scoring Procedures
- 4404.1 The judges will each evaluate the competitor's performance based upon the criteria set forth in the FIS Judging Manual.
- 4404.2 Judges shall use score cards to mark score by bib number. Each Judge will mark a score based upon the specific criteria noted in 4403. Deductions will for landing errors will be marked and then a final score shall be provided.
- 4404.3 No discussions between judges are allowed concerning competitors scores.
- 4405 Calculation of Degree of Difficulty Charts
- A degree of difficulty chart will used as outlined in the Difficulty section of the judges' criteria.
- 4406 New Manoeuvre in Competition
- 4406.1 New or additional manoeuvre, or modifications, may be proposed by submitting to the FIS Freestyle Committee. The FIS shall have final authority with regard to acceptance of the new manoeuvre and assignments of proper D/D factors.
- 4407 Qualifications Limits, License
- 4407.1 The National Ski Association shall not allow skiers to attempt any manoeuvre for which such skiers are not qualified.
- 4407.2 Limitation for manoeuvre
- 4407.3 To be eligible to attempt a manoeuvre in international competition, a skier must have a valid qualification license for the specified manoeuvre, issued by the skier's National Association. A competitor's qualification license may be updated during the competition season, with the exception of the actual day of competition. Each National Ski Association shall have the responsibility of supplying to the FIS Technical Delegate, an updated list in the English language, of all its competitor's qualifications prior to each competition.

- 4407.4 Competitors are subject to suspension or annulment of their qualifications by the TD (see rule 3030.4.4) if they have shown an inability to perform the manoeuvres for which they have been qualified from their National Association. Such a ruling may result in severe reprimands or sanctions imposed against the respective nation.
- 4408 Special Procedures:
- 4408.1 Competition Format
- 4408.1.1 The competition format shall be in two sections a qualification section and a final section. The number of skiers entered into an event and the number in the finals is determined based upon the guidelines of the FIS Freestyle Committee.
- 4408.1.2 The number of skiers entered in the competition shall be determined by a quota system established by the FIS.
- 4408.1.3 The FIS Freestyle Committee annually establishes the number of rounds in the qualifications and the finals.
- 4408.2 Equipment
- 4408.2.1 There shall be no minimum or maximum restrictions on ski lengths.
- 4408.2.2 Competitors must wear a helmet when in the practice or competition.
- 4408.2.3 Run away straps are prohibited, in the training or the competition.
- 4408.2.4 Bindings must be a recognized release system meeting DIN specifications.
- 4408.2 Loss of Ski(s)
- The judges in accordance with the judging criteria will evaluate loss of ski(s) during or after landing.

7. A series of competitions as special events at the World Cup

To recognize a series of competitions of New Style competitions at the FIS Freestyle World Cup.

8. Race Director Position for Freestyle Skiing

To adopt the position of Race Director for Major Freestyle Skiing Competitions:

Composition of the competition jury

With voting right: the Race Director, appointed by the FIS
the Technical Delegate
the Chief of Competition
the Head Judge

The Race Director has the deciding vote in case of a tie.

Duties of the Technical Delegate:

Before the Competition

The TD must contact the Organizing Committee in advance of the event and know the stage of preparation the organizer has reached. The TD must arrive at the event site at least one day in advance of the scheduled official training to inspect the preparation of the sites and assess organizational readiness.

The TD must inspect the homologation documents of the competition sites to be used. It is the responsibility of the organizer to provide the TD with a copy of the homologation certificates without being asked.

The inspection points to be covered by the TD include the following:

- the competition site(s). The preparation of the sites, the agreement between the site actual profile and that in certificates, skiers' safety, and measurement and timing devices must be reviewed.
- technical planning for the competition. The TD must assess working conditions for the Judges and calculation personnel;
- this official must also evaluate the communication network (telephone and radio), the coaches areas, the scoreboard display, timing lights, sound system, start control, first aid services, and spectator control.

The TD has the authority to ask the Organizing Committee for any support deemed necessary to the fulfilling of these tasks.

During the Competition

It is the responsibility of the TD to ensure that the competition is carried out in accordance with ICR Rules. The TD must be present throughout the entire training and competition. It is essential that the TD has a direct communication line with the Jury, thereby making possible quick and accurate decisions by the Jury.

After the Competition

Immediately after the competition ends, the TD must send the Freestyle Committee a written report on all aspects of the event; the report shall consist of the designated report form and any additional comments deemed relevant. This report shall include but is not limited to a discussion of organizational preparation, preparation of the site(s), an evaluation of the competitive event, a final results list and a complete set of minutes from all meetings and Jury decisions.

Duties of the Race Director:

Before the Competition

The inspection points to be covered by the Race Director (RD) include the following:

- the organization of the event, lodging conditions, meals, transportation, preparation for the media, and working conditions must be inspected.
- the competition program. Inspection must cover training times, team captains meetings, the competition schedule, doping control, equipment control, and the awards ceremony.
- Checks safety installations on the course.
- participation right, entry list and start list according to the World Cup rules;
- Control of the FIS-data-service;
- Control of all aspects stated in the organizer contract;
- Control of all aspects stated in the selection criteria;
- Controls and maintains the aerial qualifications
- Check information before
- Control the agreement between the national association, organizer and the FIS including the advertising rights with the FIS partners

The Race Director has the authority to ask the Organizing Committee for any support deemed necessary to the fulfilling of these tasks.

During the Competition

The Race Director as a member of the Jury is entitled to call Jury meetings

- Control the production and presentation aspects of the competition
- to take care of the interests of the International Ski Federation
- Controls the FIS Rules for advertising marking
- whenever a problem that is not completely covered in ICR Rules or arises from a concern of Jury members; the Race Director must initiate both the discussion and the decision-making process.
- The Race Director must be present throughout the entire competition and must be located in and around the competition area. It is essential that the RD has a direct communication line with the Jury, thereby making possible quick and accurate decisions by the Jury.

9. Changes to the ICR Freestyle Skiing

3030.4 Duties of the Technical Delegate in the Jury

3030.4.1 The TD acts as technical consultant and Chairman of the Jury. ~~rights of the TD in the Jury can only be used in extreme situations, some of which are outlined hereafter. In such a case, a detailed report must be sent and circulated to all parties in accordance with 3030.7.1.~~

3030.5.4 The organizers must keep the TD informed of the progress of technical preparations. The contact between the organizers and the Technical Delegate is useful, and should be continuous.

3030.5.5 The TD must arrive at the location of the competition at least 24 hours before the beginning of the official training.

3030.5.6 He must read the report of the TD of the preceding competition.

3030.5.7 The ~~RD~~ TD must check to see that the proposals of the FIS Freestyle Committee or the Homologation Inspector have been carried out.

3030.5.8 The TD is responsible for the review of the Technical Delegates reports from previous events on the same site.

- 3030.5.9 The TD will review the list, furnished by the Organizing Committee, of supplies and service personnel.
- 3030.5.10 The TD has to spot check the Athletes licenses.
- 3030.6 Duties of the Technical Delegate during Training and Competition
- 3030.6.1 Observation of the training, as well as of the work of the Organizing Committee, and the competition officials.
- 3030.6.2 Attendance at all meetings of the Jury and of the Team Captains; ~~Chairmanship of the Jury.~~
- 3030.6.3 Supervision of the technical ~~and administrative~~ conduct of the ~~entire~~ competition.
- ~~3030.6.4 Advise the organizers on compliance with FIS Rules, as well as decisions on questions which may not be covered by the rules.~~
- 3030.7.1 Submission of a final report must be sent to the FIS Freestyle Committee, to the Organizing Committee, to the host national association, and to the FIS Bureau in Oberhofen, on the official forms. This report must be made available to the TD at the next scheduled competition, forwarded with the official FIS representative.
- 3030.7.2 The TD will make a report on the TD candidate's technical capabilities. This report must be sent to the FIS Freestyle Sub-Committee for Rules and Technique and the responsible person in the candidate's National Ski Association.
- 3030.8 Rights of the Technical Delegate
- ~~3030.8.1 Chairman of the Jury, with the deciding vote in case of a tie.~~
- 3032 The Jury
- 3032.1 Composition
The Jury consists of the following members who are members of the Organizing Committee:
- The Race Director (Chairman) - appointed by FIS
 - TD ~~(Chairman)~~- appointed by FIS
 - Head Judge - appointed by FIS

- Chief of Competition - appointed by the organizer
Members of the Jury in decision-making situations, each have one vote with the Chairman having the deciding vote. Members of the Jury must all be from different countries as follows:

3 different countries	2 different countries
Olympic Winter Games World Cup	Continental Cups FIS International competitions
World Championships	European Championships International Youth Championships

A Competitors Committee as per 3034 will act in an advisory capacity to the Jury, but will not have a vote.

- 3032.3.1 The ~~three~~ four voting members of the Jury must be positioned on the course at all times and be in communication with one another.
- 3032.3.3 The Jury examines, evaluates and takes the necessary decisions on protests. Minutes must be taken of such discussions.
- 3032.3.4 The Jury has the right to grant a provisional re-run.
- 3032.3.5 Written minutes are to be kept of all meetings and decisions of the Jury and signed by each individual member of the Jury, with each individual vote on decisions recorded. They must be verified by the Chairman of the Jury (Race Director) (~~the TD~~) and written in at least one official language of the FIS.

The Snowboard Committee

The Council approved the following proposals of the Snowboard Committee:

1. Rules Working Group

Continental Cup winners

The introduction of a personal starting place in the respective event at the World Cup Finals for Continental Cup winners (entered by their National Ski Association) in the same competition year.

Halfpipe specification rules

An increase of the maximum wall height to 5.5 m with additional revision of transition to a maximum of 6 m and width to a maximum of 20 m.

Halfpipe seeding system

The first 16 and the rest of the field shall be randomly drawn as separate seeding groups.

FIS points list

The year of birth of each rider should be added to the FIS points list. A 4th FIS points list shall be calculated during the season.

2. FIS Junior World Championships

The introduction of a personal starting place of the respective event in the World Cup Finals for Junior World Championship winners (entered by their National Ski Association) in the same competition year.

The quotas for the Junior World Championships are amended as follows:

Maximum 18 competitors per nation

Maximum 12 per sex

Maximum 6 per discipline

Seeding for Parallel Giant Slalom will be done according to best option of Parallel Slalom, Slalom or Parallel Giant Slalom FIS points.

3. World Cup Rules

Minimum FIS points levels

The introduction of a minimum FIS points level for World Cup of 10 points in the alpine disciplines. The precise level for Snowboard Cross will be confirmed at the autumn meeting, respecting that competitors should prove a certain experience in order to compete in Snowboard Cross competitions.

Basic quotas

The basic nation quotas are reduced to 4 per sex (from 5) and to 3 (from 4).

Special seed

The top 8 riders only (men and women in each discipline) in the top 32 of the ISF list published on 2nd November 2000 will be allowed to start in a World Cup event after the first seed; one ISF, one FIS and so on. The riders may have 2 starts and then they must start according to their FIS points. All riders having started twice in World Cup 1997 – 2000 or World Championships 1997 – 1999 will be ranked according to FIS points. Riders, who had only one start are entitled to one more start under special status.

Abbreviations on official lists

The abbreviation of board manufacturers shall be added to official start and result lists.

4. Continental Cup Rules

Continental Cup Seeding

At Continental Cup events or lower the number of competitors to start a second run in an alpine discipline should be 45 men and 25 women.

The jury is able to decide to reduce the field to 30m/15w if necessary. This decision must be made not later than one hour before the start of the first run.

Rules Specific to Each of the Continental Cups

Section B :

SAC : South American Cup

SAC.2.3 South American Quotas

Each Nation ARG-BRA-CHI may enter up to 20 men and 10 women in each race organized in the other nation. All competitors must hold a current FIS license.

SAC.2.3.1 Organizing Nation

The organizing nation may enter a basic quota of 40 men and 20 women competitors, in addition they are entitled to any of the 20 and 10 places the other South American nation's do not fill. The host nation may, with approval of the Organizing Committee, allow a visiting nation to use any of the unfilled places. All competitors must hold a current FIS license.

SAC.2.3.2 Quotas for off continent visiting nations

The organizing nation must allow up to 20 athletes from a foreign continent the right to start.

National Associations applying for SAC.2.3.2 should apply in writing, accompanying the official entry form. This request should be made at least 7 day's days prior to the competition. A decision will be made by the Organizing Committee five days prior to the competition.

SAC.2.4 South American Cup Titles

The following titles will be awarded:

- Parallel Giant Slalom
- Giant Slalom
- Snowboard Cross

The best 3 races will count (FIS points = SAC points)

Minimum amount of competitions: 3

SAC 2.5 Accommodation

The maximum amount for athletes and officials with half board is 60 Swiss Francs

5. TD Working Group

FIS points list

The minimum points level on a scale is lowered from 100 to 50 points. The FIS points level for National Championships is raised from a maximum of 260 to 360 points.

Course homologation

An additional homologation procedure for Parallel Giant Slalom courses shall be introduced, specifically in regard to the vertical drop.

The Committee for Competition Equipment

The Council approved the following proposals of the Committee for Competition Equipment:

Alpine

- to apply minimum lengths for men and ladies skis: 155cm for slalom and 183cm and maintain the minimum length of 204cm for super G
- to change the radius of skis for downhill for ladies from 37 metres to 40 metres (with the implementation postponed to the 2001/2002 season because it is not possible for the manufacturers to change their current production for the coming season)
- to maintain the SG radius as present (33 metres)
- to change the radius for giant slalom skis for ladies from 21 metres to 23 metres (from the 2000/2001 season) due to the higher speeds in competition in comparison to recreational skiers
- to reduce the height of the ski boot sole to 45mm for ladies (from 50 mm) (art 3.2)
- to apply a minimum width of running surface of 60mm with no tolerance permitted (art 1.2.1.2)

Alpine childrens equipment

- to adopt specifications as recommendations to National Associations to include:
 - a reduction in the height of boots sole to 45mm for children I and II (from 50mm)
 - a further reduction in the total height of skis, boots, bindings to 90mm from the 2001/2002 season
 - a minimum length of 130cm in slalom
 - a minimum radius of 14m for children I
 - a minimum radius of 17 m for GS for children II

Ski Jumping

Ski Jumping suits

The suits must conform to the body shape in an upright position. The size of the suit shall be measured according to the actual body measurement plus 10 % tolerance.

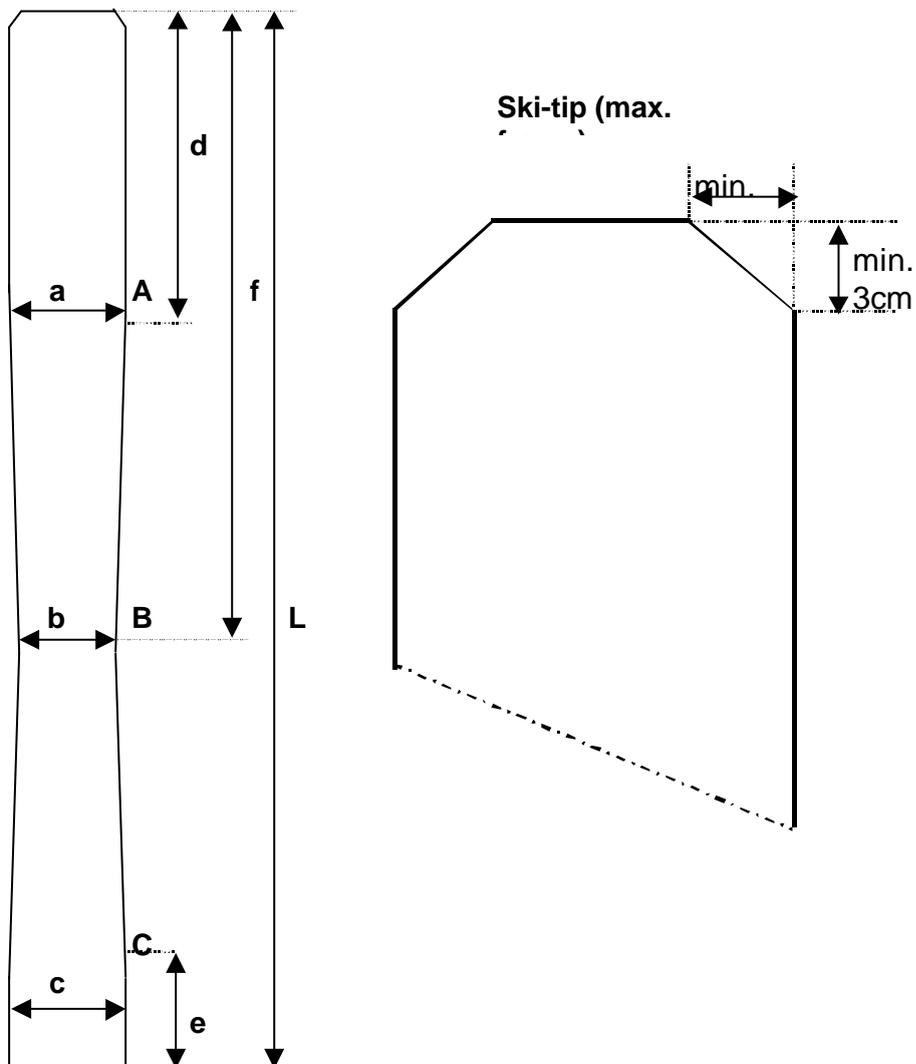
Jumping skis

A comprehensive study shall be undertaken to evaluate the rules in regard to the length of skis for the ski jumpers. In the meantime the 146 % of the total body height of the competitor shall apply, whereby no maximum length is applied.

Profile width of Ski-Jumping ski

L	Ski
a	max. width at front portion = 115
b	max. width at 57% of front portion = 105
c	max. width at tail portion = 115
d	max. length between tip and begin of sidecut =
e	max. length between tail and begin of sidecut =
f	control point b

A-B and B-C must be at least straight!



The Committees for Eligibility and Pool Questions

The Committees for Eligibility and Pool Questions distributed various proposals for modifications to the eligibility and advertising rules and regulations the Council. Following a study of these proposals, any subsequent changes to these rules will be approved at the autumn meeting of the Council for implementation as from the season 2001/2002.

The Committees for Legal and Safety

The Council commissioned the Committee for Legal and Safety to undertake the compilation of the FIS Penal Code and a review of the Rules for Sanctions in order that proposed changes to the 200 Rules may be presented to the Council at its meeting in the autumn.

Furthermore on request of the Council the Legal and Safety Committee shall review the 10 FIS Rules, specifically taking into consideration the developments as a result of new equipment, such as carving skis, snowboards, etc.

20. Constitution of the FIS Council

At the first meeting of the newly elected Council on 3rd June 2000 the Council agreed on the following composition of the Council's Working Groups and Commissions for the period 2000 – 2002:

Finance Commission

Chairman and newly elected Treasurer: Fritz Wagnerberger
 Members: Janez Kocijancic, Arnold Koller, Odd Seim-Haugen,
 Carl Eric Stålberg, Hank Tauber, Carlo Valentino
 ex officio: Gian-Franco Kasper

Working Groups (delegations) for the following fields of activity:

- a) Alpine
 (including Alpine Cups, FIS Points, Courses, Safety, etc.)
 Members: Bernard Chevallier, Geoff Henke, Milan Jirasek,
 Janez Kocijancic, Arnold Koller, Sung-Won Lee,
 Pablo Rosenkjer, Odd Seim-Haugen, Hank Tauber,
 Carlo Valentino, Fritz Wagnerberger

- b) Nordic
(including Jumping, Cross-Country, Nordic Combined, long distance races, etc.)
Members: Anatolij Akentiev, Esko Aho, Odd Seim-Haugen, Patrick Smith, Carl Eric Stålberg, Carlo Valentino
- c) Special questions
(including Eligibility, Medical, Equipment, Legal and Disciplinary Questions)
Members: Milan Jirasek, Janez Kocijancic, Odd Seim-Haugen, Patrick Smith
- d) Relations
(including Recreation, Freestyle, Grass Skiing, IF's, etc.)
Members: Bernard Chevallier, Yoshiro Ito, Janez Kocijancic, Pablo Rosenkjer
- e) Working Group for Honorary Membership
Chairman: Yoshiro Ito
Members: Geoff Henke, Carl Eric Stålberg, Hank Tauber, Carlo Valentino

21. Nomination of FIS Committee Members

On proposal of the National Ski Associations the Council appointed the following persons as Committee Members for the period 2000 – 2002 (please see Appendix I).

The Council undertook several changes to the composition of the FIS Committees' structure which are identified on the enclosed list of FIS Committees in accordance with the modernisation and effectiveness of the organisation of the activities of the International Ski Federation. Additionally the Council approved the updated rules (Terms of Reference) for the FIS Committees, which reflect the new structure of the Committees appointed in Melbourne (please see Appendix II).

The FIS Council unanimously decided to appoint the serving FIS Director, Sarah Lewis, as Secretary General of the International Ski Federation.

22. Honorary Members of FIS Committees

The Council appointed the following Honorary Members of FIS Committees in recognition of their outstanding services:

- John Johnston (CAN) as Honorary Member of the FIS Freestyle Committee
- Joaquin Bofill (SPA) as Honorary Member of the FIS Sub-Committee for Masters Racers
- Stig-Roland Bergqvist as Honorary Member of the FIS Cross-Country Committee
- Alojz Gorjanc (SLO) as Honorary Member of the Jumping Committee
- Gunnar Gundersen (NOR) as Honorary Member of the Committee for Nordic Combined

23. Next meeting with the FIS Council

The Council decided to hold its next meeting on 21st/22nd October 2000 at the FIS Headquarters in Oberhofen.

* * *

Proposals of National Ski Associations and Technical Committees, etc. for this meeting have to be sent to the FIS Secretary General before 1st September 2000.

* * *

If you should have any further questions in regard to the decisions of the FIS Council, please do not hesitate to contact the Secretary General.

INTERNATIONAL SKI FEDERATION

Sarah Lewis
Secretary General

Oberhofen, 14th June 2000
SL/er